

THE CAMDEN MINES

Closed by the Miners Coming Out and Joining the Strikers.

THE DEMONSTRATION OF OHIO MEN

Was Successful, Although They Were not Allowed in the Mines.

QUIETLY RETURN TO THEIR HOMES

After Accomplishing Their Object. Owing to the Closing of These Mines Steamboats will Have to go to the Banks for Lack of Fuel--Company G, of Huntington, Refuses to Respond to the Governor's Call on Account of Receiving no Pay for Guard Duty in the Kanawha Valley--Pittsburgh Operators Show a Change of Front--Conference of Illinois Operators and Miners To-Morrow.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

MASON CITY, W. VA., May 29.—About 500 Ohio miners boarded the steamer C. H. Hill this morning at Syracuse, N. Y., and proceeded to West Columbia, W. Va., a small town one mile above the Camden mines, as they could not land at Camden on account of the guards.

They were met there by Sheriff Gardner, of Mason county, who bade them observe good order, as they had heretofore done. They found the Camden mines heavily guarded and tried to send a committee in to persuade the miners to come out, but the operators refused the committee entrance. The strikers then went into camp at West Columbia and remained until about 1 or 2 p. m., when the miners came out and joined the strikers. Their work accomplished, the strikers returned to their homes in a quiet manner.

This closes the last mine that was run in the Pomeroy bend on either side of the river.

REGARDED IT AS A JOKE.

The Huntington Company Refuses to Report for Duty at Camden.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

HUNTINGTON, W. VA., May 29.—There is plenty of talk in military circles to-night. It is over the action of a large number of the members of Company G, that lately did such effective work on the Kanawha river. It appears that the boys have never been paid for their stay there, and when ordered to prepare and proceed to the Camden mines this morning, most of the company laughed at the matter as a joke, and did not even report at the armory.

They refused to go, and Colonel Hodges was sent for, but by that time another telegram had been received stating that all was quiet and the services of the men were not needed. It is said to-night that the boys have got themselves into a bad box by their actions, but Colonel Hodges refused to talk about it.

Came Back With Flying Banners.

POMEROY, OHIO, May 29.—The delegation of miners which went down the river to-day by steamboat eight hundred strong to induce the miners at Spillman, W. Va., to cease work came back to-night with flying banners and a band playing. They accomplished their mission without an unkind word on either side. Eighty-three men joined the strikers. This closes every mine in the Pomeroy bend without a single act of violence. Every steamboat calling station between here and Cincinnati is without fuel.

A CHANGE OF FRONT

Shown by the Pittsburgh Coal Operators at Yesterday's Meeting.

PITTSBURGH, PA., May 29.—There were fifty representatives present at the meeting of the Pittsburgh coal operators to-day, which was called to hear the report of the committee of fifteen which had been appointed to formulate a plan for a settlement of the strike. As announced yesterday this committee failed to agree on any plan, and to-day asked that it be discharged. The request was granted, and immediately afterward Alex. Dempster suggested that a committee of ten be appointed to take the place of the discharged committee, but with unlimited power to act. The suggestion was acted upon without much discussion, and the following committee was selected: M. A. Taylor, chairman; Thomas Young, F. L. Robbins, Alex. Dempster, K. H. Boyle, John Blythe, B. Braznell and W. P. DeArmitt.

The instructions given the committee denote a general desire on the part of the operators to wind up the strike with all possible haste, and at the best terms to be secured. The committee has full power to act for the Pittsburgh operators, and can settle for the district at any price they may see fit.

This is a decided change of mind on the part of the operators as expressed at the Cleveland convention, and, taken together with the favorable aspect of affairs in Illinois, seems to indicate that the end of the great strike is near at hand.

TO-MORROW'S CONFERENCE

Of Illinois Miners and Operators Looked Forward to With Interest.

SPRINGFIELD, ILL., May 29.—President McBride cannot be found, but State President Crawford and Secretary Guymon, of the United Mine Workers, of Illinois, state they have no knowledge of a settlement in view. They say it will depend on the action of the Consolidated Coal Company. Charles Ridgely, President of the Consolidated Coal Company, stated that the company had not decided whether to make any concessions to strikers. He was now considering whether the company would go into the conference of operators next Thursday.

At the state convention to be held here Thursday between all Illinois coal operators and miners delegated the present strike will be argued for a settlement. The opinion is that it cannot be settled in Illinois unless a general

settlement over the United States is effected. President McBride is here and says he will adhere to the resolution adopted at the convention to that effect. A very warm time is anticipated at Thursday's convention.

COLUMBUS, OHIO, May 29.—Patrick McElroy, secretary of the United Mine Workers' Association, denies absolutely the statement telegraphed over the country that there has been, or is any probability of an immediate settlement of the strike.

A RIOTOUS MOB

Of Ohio Strikers Driven From a Train They Invaded.

SALINEVILLE, O., May 29.—When the 150 striking coal miners from here were driven from a Cleveland & Pittsburgh train by the sheriff of Jefferson county at Wellsville last night, they marched to Clark's bank, midway between Yellow Creek and this village, terrorizing the residents enroute. They went into camp there and when the night express arrived at 1 o'clock, the mob made a rush and succeeded in getting aboard. The railroad company anticipating such a move, had placed a large force of deputies on the train at Wellsville, who succeeded after a long struggle and after stopping the train seven times inside of a mile, in driving all the strikers off who refused to pay fare. The mob then made an unsuccessful attempt to flag a freight and finally they took up the march, arriving here at 10 o'clock.

Excitement is at fever heat, but the action of the strikers is severely denounced by the better class of citizens. Sheriff Lodge, of this county, is expected here to frustrate any further attempts at mob rule. The miners are now talking of marching to New Lisbon to-morrow to drive out the Italians who have taken the places of striking miners at that point.

ALLEGED POSITION

On the Proposition of the Governors to Arbitrate the Coal Strike.

CHICAGO, May 29.—In response to the telegram from Pittsburgh, Pa., suggesting that the governors of the coal states arbitrate the coal strike, Governor Altgeld said to-day:

"I would gladly do anything I can to assist in settling the present strike, but inasmuch as the board would have no power to compel anybody to appear before it and could not compel submission on the part of those unscrupulous operators who precipitated this strike by reducing wages to the starvation point and who are profiting by the present troubles, I fear little could be accomplished, because honest operators who are ready to make any fair arrangements could not compete with those who refused to respect the decision of any board. Consequently even those operators who are most anxious to settle the strike would keep aloof."

MARYLAND MINES.

The Miners are Notified to Take Their Tools From The Mines.

LONACONING, MD., May 29.—The presidents of the American, Georges Creek and the New Central Coal companies have posted notices advising their miners and employees to take their tools from the mines to-day. This will be followed by the companies paying off their employees and discharging them.

Every indication now points to one of two things: A resumption of work at the old rate, or the closing of the mines for the season.

Situation at Brazil, Indiana.

BRAZIL, IND., May 29.—The strike situation in this district is becoming desperate. All night long the strikers at Knightsville kept watch for freight trains, but the Vandalia road has been warned, and held the trains until morning. The strikers have made up a purse to-day to prosecute the Vandalia for running two loaded trains by a crossing without stopping.

Miners are guarding every railroad in the county. Last night several hundred strikers held a north bound passenger train on the Chicago & Indiana Coal railroad and demanded to be hauled to Stone Bluff. The train men refused, and the strikers, fearing the law for stopping the mails, let the train proceed.

All Quiet at Minnook.

MINNOK, ILL., May 29.—The coal strike at this place, so far as any active demonstration is concerned, is practically over. All of the militia is now gone and Sheriff Tool has discharged nearly all of his deputies. At Wenona to-day everything is quiet.

A new wrinkle was sprung on the situation to-night at a meeting of deputy sheriffs, when it was voted to give a part of their pay to the needy miners and their families, a number of them being in destitute circumstances. It was also decided to stand guard should occasion require if the men would go to work, and furnish them ample protection. A committee was appointed to learn the decision of the miners.

Arresting Rioters at La Salle.

LA SALLE, ILL., May 29.—All is quiet here to-night and the sheriffs so far have been unmolested in making arrests of the striking miners engaged in Thursday's riot. Eighteen were in custody to-night, but when all are caught there will be sixty, that being the number for whom warrants have been issued. To-night the police arrested two of the leaders in the assault of the alleged spy Birkowski. Both are Poles. These men are in the city jail and unless their sympathizers attempt a rescue, which is not improbable, will remain there until transferred to the county jail at Ottawa.

Trouble Fanned at Oskaloosa.

OSKALOOSA, IOWA, May 29.—The camps of the striking miners increased to about six hundred men near here to-day but no outbreak has occurred yet. The governor has placed the national guard at the disposition of the sheriff and a large number of deputies armed to preserve peace. The most of the men now in camp here are from the southern portion of the state, and talk very loudly about what they intend to do. Most of them are foreigners and seem determined to have a row and most of the working miners are anxious to accommodate them. The adjutant general is making all needful preparations to meet any trouble.

Raid Didn't Take Place.

UNIONTOWN, PA., May 29.—The threatened raid on the Kyle plant did not take place to-day. Dispatches report

everything quiet throughout the region and many of the plants are working with increased forces. At the Murphy mine near here last night the strikers cut loose a number of loaded and empty cars, and they were badly wrecked. A large section of track was also torn up but there was no other damage.

Strikers Threaten Violence.

OSGOWA, IOWA, May 29.—Six hundred strikers went to Evans to-day to try and induce men there to go out. The Centerville miners, who were well armed, were the leaders in the disturbance. The governor has an aide on the scene, and the national guard will be ordered from this city and Oskaloosa if needed. The strikers openly declare that they propose violence Thursday if the colored miners don't come out.

Rioters Fined.

OTTAWA, ILL., May 29.—The six Hungarians and Italians jailed here Sunday for participation in the affair of Saturday morning at La Salle were brought up before Judge Weeks to-day. Four were fined \$100 and costs each, and one \$25 and costs while another was remanded for further examination.

RAILWAY EMPLOYEES CONVENE.

The Platform Adopted—Sympathy With the Striking Coal Miners.

NEW YORK, May 29.—The convention of railway employees spent the forenoon in executive session discussing the report of the committee on resolutions.

The platform adopted declares for a line of action calculated to secure favorable state and national legislation, condemns the action of Judge Perkins in the case of the Northern Pacific employees as oppressive and un-American, and applauds the course of Judges Caldwell and Reimer; advocates united action at the ballot box and the disavowal of party affiliations; favors the election of railroad commissioners by direct vote of the people, the enactment of laws giving railway employees Sunday rest so far as practicable; settlement of differences by arbitration, adequate protection against personal injury; favors the sending of representatives to assemblies of labor bodies and the establishment of a daily newspaper devoted to the interests of organized labor and recommends the exclusive use of goods bearing union labels.

After the platform had been adopted the following was passed:

Resolved, That this meeting unqualifiedly endorse the courageous stand made by the United Mine Workers of America in their present struggle for living wages, and extend to them our moral support, hearty sympathy and best wishes for their success.

The chairman then announced that the business of the convention was over, and after the body had passed the usual vote of thanks the meeting adjourned sine die.

IN DISTRESS.

The Coke Strikers at Mt. Pleasant, Pa., are in Need of Help.

MT. PLEASANT, PA., May 29.—At a meeting of citizens called to-day by President Barrett, held at Kuhn's hall, one hundred representative citizens were present. Mr. Barrett stated the object of the meeting to be to effect the organization of ministers and citizens to relieve the distress of the many poor. After talk on the question, organization was effected and the following resolution passed:

Resolved, That business men here assembled, in view of continued increasing distress in the community, the hundreds of families in want of food and shelter, that this number being daily increased by evictions, do hereby respectfully ask that the ministers of the town call a meeting of merchants, ministers and all citizens not employed by or connected with the coke plants, to take the best action for the relief of this distressing condition.

RAILWAY TELEGRAPHERS

Elect Officers and Sustain Chief Ramsay in the Wichita Case.

DENVER, COLO., May 29.—The railway telegraphers' election to-day resulted in defeat for Grand Chief Telegrapher Ramsay, his successor being Walker V. Powell, of Wichita, Kansas, the vote being 59 to 56.

The telegraphers endorsed the action of Grand Chief Ramsay in suspending the Omaha charter, and expressed a willingness to restore the charter if the Omaha division would obey Ramsay's former orders. F. E. Gilliland promised it would be done.

Grand Editor Thurston was exonerated from all charges made against him. The offices of assistant grand chief and senior telegrapher were created. It was decided to organize a ladies auxiliary and Chief Ramsay's recommendation that a federation of all railway organizations be formed was adopted.

CHATTANOOGA'S CROSNUS WEDS.

W. S. Dugger, Aged 70, Elopes With Fanny Dykes, Aged 30.

CHATTANOOGA, TENN., May 29.—Word was received in this city to-night of the secret marriage at Rhea Springs, forty miles above here, of W. I. Dugger, aged seventy-six, and probably the wealthiest property holder in Chattanooga, to Fanny Dykes. Fanny Dykes is a woman of thirty, who has divorced two husbands. The couple eloped this afternoon. His five children, the oldest over fifty years of age, are all married, and among Chattanooga's most prominent citizens. Dugger cannot read or write, but he owns block after block of valuable real estate in this city.

A New Point to Be Rated.

NEW YORK, May 29.—Peter De Lacey's lawyers will enter an appeal against Justice Gaynor in favor of Dwyer in De Lacey's suit against the Brooklyn Jockey Club's president. A new point of law will be raised. The constitutionality of the amendment to the Jockey pool law will be brought into question. This made it illegal to send money by another person to bet at a race track. It assumed, however, that betting was legal. De Lacey says the case will be carried on appeal to the highest courts if necessary.

What Tariff Tinkering Has Done.

BELFAST, May 29.—The Northern Whig says that the stagnation in the demand for Irish linens owing to the delay in the disposition of the tariff bill in the United States is about to compel the failure of one of the oldest and best known firms in Belfast. All creditors will be paid in full.

THE PLOT OF FIENDS.

The Diabolical Conspiracy Among Negroes in Palatka, Florida,

DISCOVERED IN THE NICK OF TIME

To Prevent Its Terrible Consummation—White Women Were to be Seized and Secreted in the Swamps for Their Pleasure—The Ring Leader Arrested, Taken from the Officers and Promptly Lynched by the Enraged Whites—More Hangings May Follow.

JACKSONVILLE, FLA., May 29.—A special to the Times Union from Palatka, Fla., says: The people of this section were very much excited over the discovery of a diabolical conspiracy among the negroes to commit a series of outrages upon white women. A negro preacher, L. T. Burgess, proposed to a number of negroes that they should seize several white women and carry them into the swamps and make them submit to their embraces.

The negroes consented, but the whites secured evidence that such a conspiracy existed, and they took steps to guard their homes. In the meanwhile the negroes began to leave the country. One of those to leave was Burgess, who went to Georgia, where he was apprehended. An officer returned with the negro, but was suddenly confronted with between 75 and 100 mounted men. Being overpowered there was no other alternative but to give Burgess up, and the next morning he was seen hanging from a limb. The white people are wild with rage, and it is believed that more lynchings will speedily follow.

Judge Lynch's Victim.

LEXINGTON, N. H., May 29.—A mob is now organized here to take from the jail Ben Hilton and William Thompson, charged with raping a sixteen-year-old girl, and lynch him.

SUGAR TRUST INVESTIGATION.

Voorhees, Jones and Vest Make a Sweeping Denial of All Allegations.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 29.—The senate sugar trust investigating committee continued its inquiry to-day, and examined Senators Voorhees, Jones and Vest, of the finance committee, in regard to the allegations made concerning the efforts of the sugar trust to influence legislation. They made a general denial of all the charges made of the exercise of influence by the sugar trust, and specifically contradicted the story that Secretary Carlisle had made a secret visit to the committee and demanded that the sugar interest be protected because of the Democratic party's indebtedness to the sugar trust.

They agreed that Mr. Carlisle had neither made such a visit to the committee and that no such demand had been made upon the committee for the reasons given in Mr. Edwards' letter, or on any other account. They also denied the report that a meeting had been held by the committee on the Sunday before the tariff bill was reported for the consideration of the sugar schedule, and said that if the sugar people had been together in an adjacent room while the committee was in session at any time they were not cognizant of the fact.

Senator Vest denied that he had informed Joe Riskey of the progress of the committee in considering the sugar schedule while the bill was in committee.

The committee adjourned until Thursday. The examination of members of the finance committee will be resumed at the next meeting.

PEPPER'S PLAINTS.

He Is Jollying the Commonwealth and Making a Fool of Himself.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 29.—Senator Pepper has been making addresses to the Fitzgerald, or Boston legion of the Commonwealth at its headquarters in Mount Pisgah (negro) chapel. Morris Swift introduced the Kansas senator, who said that there have been a number of things in the way of consideration of the various bills he has introduced for the benefit of the laboring man of the country. The tariff measure, he said, in the way, the churches are in the way, the newspapers are against it and the money power with its headquarters in Wall street is in the way. Wall street is the seat of all devilry to-day, where they gamble and speculate in the blood and sweat of their fellow men. The senator said the opposition must be converted. "Some men," he said, "you must sit down with and convert their reason; others must be reached by warming their hearts, while there are others still that you must take by the throat and intimidate."

He then spoke of the attitude of the Populists, and he prophesied that they would control legislation by the time of the incoming of the next century.

Indian Territory Troubles.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 29.—On the representation of the interior department that federal troops are necessary at the Union agency in the Choctaw country, in the Indian territory, General Schofield has instructed General Miles to send a sufficient force there to prevent trouble. The striking miners who are interfering with the working of the mines will be expelled from the Indian territory under the law which authorizes the removal of white persons who are in the territory without leave.

Opposed to Government Ownership.

WASHINGTON, May 29.—Postmaster General Bissell has forwarded to Chairman Wise, of the house committee on interstate and foreign commerce, a letter embodying his reasons for opposing the proposed government ownership of the telegraph system. He does not think a postal telegraph service would prove profitable in this country or that such service could be fully accomplished without material additions to the present postoffice organization and increased expenditures.

His Sixth Nomination.

COLUMBUS, O., May 29.—Joseph H. Outwater to-day was nominated for a sixth term in Congress. The opposition was trifling.

VILLAGES SWEEP AWAY

By Disastrous Floods in India—Loss of Life Said to be Enormous.

CALCUTTA, May 29.—In addition to the loss of 200 lives by the bursting of a dam formed by a landslide in Charkkpur, Kulu, and the destruction of live stock and dwellings which accompanied it, disastrous floods have wrought much damage. The Jettia has overflowed its banks and has inundated an area of hundreds of miles. The result of this inundation has been tremendous loss of property and in addition the loss of life is believed to be enormous. Whole villages have been destroyed in a number of sections of the flood-visited country. The flood is pronounced to be the most severe in many years.

Confederate Reunion at Fort Donelson.

CHARLESVILLE, TENN., May 29.—Between ten and twelve thousand were in attendance at the Confederate reunion on the Fort Donelson battle ground to-day. The assemblage was addressed by Governor Peter Turney, ex-Congressman John F. House, who made the day's oration, and other distinguished southerners. It is the object of the reunion to raise sufficient funds with which to erect an imposing shaft over the graves of the Confederates buried on this battle field.

Commonwealers Convicted.

HELENA, MONT., May 29.—Leaders of the Seattle contingent of the Commonwealth army were brought into the United States court to-day to answer the charge of contempt in seizing a train on the Northern Pacific at the western line of the state, May 8. J. W. Kelly, the leader, who is a brother of the Kelly whose army is now in St. Louis, was sentenced to the county jail for six months. John Ross, the engineer, was also given six months. Three others were sentenced to thirty days each.

Kelly in Clover.

ST. LOUIS, May 29.—Kelly's industrial were visited by at least ten thousand people at their camp to-day. "General" Kelly spent the morning making his men comfortable for their stay here, which will be until Friday next, when they will continue their journey to Washington via the Mississippi and Ohio rivers. The "General" is much pleased with the cordiality and liberality shown the army by St. Louisans. About one hundred new members were recruited to-day.

Galvin's Commonwealthers Released.

PITTSBURGH, May 29.—The twenty-four men of Galvin's Commonwealth army who were committed to jail several weeks ago for attempting to take possession of a train on the Baltimore & Ohio road, have all been released, their terms having expired. They parted company after they got out. Some said they were going on to Washington to join General Frye when he reached there.

Bank Director Sentenced.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., May 29.—Ephraim Young, formerly one of the directors of the Spring Garden National Bank, who was convicted in March, 1893, of misapplying funds of the bank, etc., was to-day sentenced by Judge Butler in the United States district court to pay a fine of \$500 and costs and to an imprisonment of five years in the eastern penitentiary. The sentence dates from the time of Young's conviction.

Desecrating The Day.

FORT WAYNE, IND., May 29.—The three Grand Army posts of Fort Wayne have caused a sensation by adopting resolutions condemning all kind of picnics and sport on Decoration Day. Bicycle road races, base ball games and excursions are denounced as unpatriotic, and disrespectful to the memory of the Nation's sleeping heroes.

Price Fighters Sentenced.

CORNING, I. A., May 29.—Price fighters Ryan and McCoy, who were found guilty of violating Iowa's law against prize fighting on Sunday morning, March 12, in Adams county, were sentenced to-day to ninety and 150 days in the county jail and fined \$300 and \$500 respectively and costs.

World's Bicycle Record Broken.

STOCKTON, CAL., May 29.—The world's record for one-eighth mile on a bicycle, standing start, was broken at the Goodale track to-day by R. F. Long, of San Francisco, 16 2-5, a fifth of a second better than the record.

In the Interest of Public Morals.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 29.—Senator Vilas to-day introduced a bill making it unlawful for any person to send obscene literature or any other matter of indecent character, or any article intended for immoral use by express.

Senator Gorman III.

BALTIMORE, MD., May 29.—Senator Gorman's condition to-day is less favorable than yesterday. He looks extremely haggard. His physicians declare he must enjoy absolute rest for at least two weeks.

Weaver for Congress.

ATLANTIC, IOWA, May 29.—General James E. Weaver was nominated to-day as the Populist candidate for Congress from the Seventh district.

A "Cuckoo" Can Beat Him.

PHILADELPHIA Evening Telegraph. No one has really seen a stork until he has watched him stand on one leg beside his nest. After one has seen this feat he is sure it is a stork. Nothing in the animal kingdom is more marvelous than the way this great bird can balance his long body on a piece of bone which is no thicker than a wheat straw, and to behold also the perfect cam with which he goes to sleep while still poised in this critical position.

Woman in an Emergency.

Indianapolis Journal. "It takes a war, or at least something as theatrical as war, to bring out the patriotism of women," said the oratorical man. "Of plain, everyday work for the good of the country they haven't the least idea." "I happen to know better than that," said the other man. "I know the wife of a Congressman who took the manuscript of a tariff speech her husband was intending to perorate and gave it to the girl to light the fire with."

CONFLICT IMMINENT

Between the Strikers and Sheriff's Deputies at Cripple Creek.

MINERS BECOMING VERY INSOLENT

And Overbearing in Their Demeanor, and Subjecting the Inhabitants of the Small Towns to Many Indignities—They are Heavily Armed and Appear to be Anxious for a Clash with the Authorities—The Sheriff will Make Governor Walte Show His Hand by Calling on Him for Troops.

CRIPPLE CREEK, COLO., May 29.—The deputies and strikers are still keeping at safe distances from each other. Both sides are exerting every effort to increase their numbers, the strikers using, in some instances loaded Winchester as arguments. The strikers become bolder and more insolent every day. All the smaller towns are completely subjected, and some swaggering demonstrations have been made at Cripple Creek. There is nothing mainly in the attitude of the strikers. Vastly outnumbering the male population, and being heavily armed, they have confiscated nearly all the firearms owned by individuals.

Conscious alike of their own strength and of the weakness of the inhabitants, they conduct themselves in an overbearing manner and exact conduct on the part of the inhabitants that is but little short of the most abject servility. To-day a party entered Mound City and at the point of Winchester forced two union men, who believe in the union but not in carrying arms and using them in violation of law, together with a non-union man, to go to Bull Hill. The general impression here is that this question can be settled only by a terrible conflict, and the people anxiously await the end whatever it may be. To the credit of the strikers be it said, that in some of the camps they have closed every saloon and placed guards over them.

Will Make Walte Show His Hand.

CRIPPLE CREEK, COLO., May 29.—The deputies, whose number has been increased to 600, are still in camp. Sheriff Bowers has gone to Denver and it is presumed to be his intention to cause Governor Walte to show his hand by calling upon him for state troops to aid the deputies in enforcing the laws. It is probable no move will be made by the deputies in the absence of the sheriff.

DENVER, COLO., May 29.—Governor Walte has determined to move to Cripple Creek to-night to investigate the situation. He will visit the miners' stronghold, talk with strikers and ascertain for himself to what extent they are interfering with the rights of the mine owners.

Pennsylvania Prohibitionists.

PITTSBURGH, PA., May 29.—The Prohibitionists of Allegheny county met to-day in convention and nominated for Congress John Gow in the Twenty-second district, Prof. J. W. Vandeventer in the Twenty-third district, and John A. McConnell in the Twenty-fourth district. Before adjournment the convention endorsed H. L. Castle for lieutenant governor.

United Presbyterian Assembly.

ALBANY, OREGON, May 29.—At the United Presbyterian assembly to-day Pittsburgh, Pa., was selected as the place for holding the next general assembly, and Canonsburg, Pa., as the place for meeting for the general committee on home missions.

Movement of Steamships.

GLASGOW, May 29.—Arrived, steamers Hibernia, from Montreal; Siberian, from Philadelphia.

LONDON, May 29.—Arrived, America, from New York.

LIVERPOOL, May 29.—Arrived, Gallia, from Boston; Parisian, from Montreal.

BURKENS, May 29.—Arrived, Aller, from New York.

NEW YORK, May 29.—Arrived, Westerland, from Antwerp.

SOURTHAMPTON, May 29.—Arrived, Lahn, from New York.

Weather Forecast for To-day.

For West Virginia, fair, warmer, variable winds.

For Western Pennsylvania, fair, preceded by showers in the early morning; warmer, variable winds.

For Ohio, unsettled, but generally fair weather; warmer, variable winds.

THE TEMPERATURE YESTERDAY, as furnished by C. SCHNEPP, druggist, corner Market and Fourteenth streets.

7 a. m. 64 10 a. m. 64 1 p. m. 64 4 p. m. 64 7 p. m. 64 10 p. m. 64

12 m. 64 1 p. m. 64 2 p. m. 64 3 p. m. 64 4 p. m. 64 5 p. m. 64 6 p. m. 64 7 p. m. 64 8